

Note: This is an unofficial version of the file smcfmt.txt available from <http://escweb.wr.usgs.gov/nsmp-data/smcfmt.html>. It has been modified slightly by me (D. M. Boore) by allowing a higher precision format for the data. This is indicated by the value for using int_head(47), as indicated below. I have deleted all discussion of the bbf binary file format, which is not used in my programs; see the original version of this file for that material.

SMC-format Data Files

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1.0 Introduction

The strong-motion time series data served out by the U.S. Geological Survey National Strong-Motion Program are in SMC format. This documentaton describes the SMC-format.

The SMC format uses ASCII character codes and provides text headers, integer headers, real headers, and comments followed by either digitized time-series coordinates or, in version 2 of the SMC format only, sets of response spectra values. The header information is designed to provide the user with information about the earthquake and the recording instrument. Each SMC-format file contains either a single time series or a set of response spectra calculated or Fourier amplitude spectra of corrected acceleration from a single time series. Typical analog strong-motion records contain traces corresponding to three orthogonal components of motion and consequently require three separate SMC-format files to represent the record.

2.0 Sample File

Here follows a sample unevenly-sampled, uncorrected SMC-format time-series file from which most of the time series values have been removed:

1 UNCORRECTED ACCELEROGRAM

*

DVD0D

1989 10 18 0004 Loma Prieta, CA
 Moment Mag= 6.9 Ms= 7.1 Ml= 7.0
 station = Del Valle Dam, toe component= 65
 epicentral dist = 66.0 pk acc = 54.8
 inst type=SMA-1 data source = CDWR/USGS

*

*

*

-32768	1989	291	0	4	0	-32768	451
1	3	6	-32768	90	65	101	8
41320	-32768	3	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768
-32768	-32768	-32768	1	-32768	1265	-32768	-32768
-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768
-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768
0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.3703700E+02	-0.1218830E+03	0.1800000E+02			
0.7100000E+01	0.7100000E+01	0.7000000E+01	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39			
0.3761500E+02	-0.1217450E+03	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39			
0.1700000E+39	0.6600000E+02	0.1700000E+39	0.1000000E+05	0.1700000E+39			
0.1700000E+39	0.2540000E+02	0.6000000E+00	0.2000000E+01	0.1700000E+39			
0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.9798830E+01	0.5482899E+02			
0.9609058E+01	-0.4761129E+02	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39			

```

0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39
0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39
0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39 0.1700000E+39

```

```

Put comments here.
Explain about any peculiarities in the record, any difficulties in
digitizing, etc.
If no comments are necessary, place a single line with "|" in the
first column this section.
Set integer header cell # 16 = number of comment lines = 9 here.
<pltlbl=> Sample plot label here <end>

```

```

0.0000E+0 7.3789E-2 2.4847E-3 9.0424E-1 5.9633E-3 1.3411E+0 7.3548E-3 1.4865E+0
8.8456E-3 1.6317E+0 1.0336E-2 1.8260E+0 1.1728E-2 2.1184E+0 1.3219E-2 2.5088E+0
1.4610E-2 2.5071E+0 1.6101E-2 2.8484E+0 1.7492E-2 2.6996E+0 1.8983E-2 3.0409E+0
2.0375E-2 3.2843E+0 2.1866E-2 3.2334E+0 2.3257E-2 3.3788E+0 2.4748E-2 3.2298E+0
2.6139E-2 3.5223E+0 2.7630E-2 3.4714E+0 2.9121E-2 3.8127E+0 3.0512E-2 3.6148E+0
3.2003E-2 3.7110E+0 3.3395E-2 3.6112E+0 3.4885E-2 3.6093E+0 3.6277E-2 3.3399E+0

```

... most of the time-series lines were removed here ...

```

2.9598E+1 1.9508E+0 2.9599E+1 1.6998E+0 2.9600E+1 2.1248E+0 2.9602E+1 1.9473E+0
2.9603E+1 2.1673E+0 2.9605E+1 2.2120E+0 2.9606E+1 2.3576E+0 2.9608E+1 2.5521E+0
2.9609E+1 2.5016E+0 2.9610E+1 2.4020E+0 2.9612E+1 2.3024E+0 2.9613E+1 2.5459E+0
2.9615E+1 2.4463E+0 2.9616E+1 2.4938E+0 2.9618E+1 2.3452E+0 2.9619E+1 2.6869E+0

```

3.0 Headers

There are four types of headers in SMC format files: text headers, integer headers, real headers, and comments. The 11 text header lines provide a little prose designed to allow a user to identify quickly the earthquake and recording station. Then follow 6 lines of integer header values and 10 lines of real header values. Following the text, integer, and real headers are a variable number of comment lines that can contain additional information about the earthquake or the record. Then follow either digitized time-series values or several sets of response spectra values. The number of comment lines included in the file is indicated in the 16th integer header value and the number of time-series values is indicated in the 17th integer header value.

Both the integer and real headers have many cells that contain a value that indicates "undefined"; these cells are either filled in subsequent stages of data processing or are merely included in the file format so that more information can be added to future files without changing the format. The value used to indicate "undefined" in integer header cells is usually "-32768"; the value used in real header cells is usually "+1.7e+38".

The Fortran format for each integer header line is "(8I10)", for each real header line is "(5E15.7)", and for each time-series line is "(8(es10.4e1))" (unless `int_head(47) = 8`, in which case the format is "(5(es14.7e1))". In my

TSPP programs, the subroutine *smcwrite* replaces the time series value *y* with 0.0 if $\text{abs}(y) < 1.0\text{e-}09$ (otherwise, the value is stored as *******, because an exponent of -10 is larger than allowed by the format statement).

There are 6 integer header lines with 8 values per line, for a total of 48 integer values. There are 10 real header lines with 5 values per line for a total of 50 real header values. There are 11 text header lines and there are as many comment lines as are indicated in integer header cell #16.

3.1 Text Headers (fixed format)

There are 11 text-header lines in a SMC-format time-series data file. They have the following format:

```

0          1          2          3          4          5  (columns for reference)
12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890  (columns for reference)

# <--- text ----->
*
SSSSA
      YYYY  MM  DD      TIME <-- earthquake name here ----->
Moment Mag=      #.# Ms=      #.# Ml=      #.#
station = <--- station name here -----> component= ###
epicentral dist =      ##.#      pk acc =      ###.#
inst type=SMA-1      data source = USGS/VVVV
*
*
*

1234567890123456789012345678901234567890  ( <= columns)
0          1          2          3          4          5  (      "      )
```

line 1: Contains a number in column 1 followed by text in columns 3-26, both of which indicate which type of data is contained in the file. The contents of the first line can be one of the following:

```

"0 UNKNOWN"      (BAP will treat this like UNCORRECTED ACC)
"1 UNCORRECTED ACCELEROGRAM" (Also referred to as Volume 1 data)
"2 CORRECTED ACCELEROGRAM" (Volume 2)
"3 VELOCITY" (Volume 3)
"4 DISPLACEMENT" (Volume 4)
"5 RESPONSE SPECTRA" (Volume 5)
"6 FOURIER AMPLITUDE SPECTRA OF CORRECTED ACCELERATION" (Volume 6)
```

line 2: "*" in column one

line 3: Either a "*" in column one, or columns 1-4 = Station code
column 5 = "A", "B", "C", ... to indicate which of the several accelerometer traces on the record is digitized in this file. "A" is the topmost accelerometer trace, "B" is the second from the top, etc.

Note: in files that come from the DDS#7 CD-ROM, columns 1-5 of line 3 should correspond with the 5-character station-component code

used in the file name. See Section 7.2

line 4: columns 1-3 = time zone if the time zone is other than GMT. This field will be blank in all the files on the CDROM(s). But it may indicate a time zone other than GMT in some files created by the V2S reformatting program (which doesn't know how to convert from all the various time zones to GMT).

columns 6-9 = earthquake year (four digits)

columns 12-13 = " month

columns 16-17 = " day

columns 22-25 = " hour, minute in GMT

columns 27-80 = earthquake name (left justified)

line 5: columns 1-11 = "Moment Mag="

columns 12-20 = moment-magnitude value

columns 22-24 = "Ms="

columns 25-33 = Surface-wave magnitude value

columns 35-37 = "Ml="

columns 38-46 = Local magnitude value

line 6: columns 1-10 = "station = "

columns 11-40 = station name, left justified
(Note: Some files incorrectly have the station number instead of name in this field).

columns 42-51 = "component= "
(Note: Some files have the "c" was in column 41 instead of column 42!

columns 53-57 = orientation of the recording transducer
(Note: There seems to be no convention for where the value is placed in these columns.)

line 7: columns 1-17 = "epicentral dist ="

columns 18-26 = epicentral distance in kilometers

columns 34-41 = "pk acc ="

columns 42-50 = peak value of the time series given in this file

line 8: columns 1-10 = "inst type="

columns 11-15 = "SMA-1" or "CRA-1" or whatever to indicate the type of recording instrument.

columns 22-34 = "data source ="

columns 36-80 = an abbreviation indicating the agency that provided the data. "USGS", "CSMIP", etc.

lines 9, 10, and 11: a "*" in column one.

3.2 Integer Headers (48 values, 6 lines in "(8I10)" format)

The values given in integer header cells have the following meanings:

cell number	description
-----	-----
1	Value representing "undefined" or "null" in the integer header. This is usually (always?) set to "-32768".
2	Time of first recorded sample, year (4 digits), GMT
3	" day of year (julian day)
4	" hour
5	" minute
6	" second

- 21 Transducer number of the recording system as shown on the drawing.
- 22 Total number of transducer channels for this structure.

The following integer parameters are for buildings (when Integer cell #19 = 1):

- 23 Number of floors above grade, including the roof.
- 24 Number of stories below grade.
- 25 Floor on which this sensor is located
 - 1 1st subbasement, etc
 - 0 basement
 - 1 grade level
 - 2+ floor levels above grade

The following are for bridges (when Integer cell #19 = 2):

- 26 Number of spans
- 27 Location of transducer
 - 0 free field
 - 1 at the base of a pier or abutment
 - 2 on an abutment
 - 3 on the deck at the top of a pier
 - 4 on the deck between piers or between an abutment and a pier

The following are for dams (when Integer cell #19 = 3):

- 28 Location of this transducer
 - 0 upstream or downstream free field
 - 1 at the base of the dam
 - 2 on the crest of the dam
 - 3 on the abutment of the dam
- 29 Type of construction
 - 1 Reinforced concrete gravity
 - 2 Reinforced concrete arch
 - 3 earth fill
 - 4 other
- 30 Station number (This will be "undefined" if the station "number" includes alphabetic characters, in which case it will be indicated in the station name field in text header line 6.)
- 31 First recorded sample. This will be "undefined" or 1 if the first recorded sample is the first sample given in the time series. (This info is required because the BAP software adds leading and trailing zero pads to the time series before filtering. BAP output files may include these leading and trailing pad areas, which after filtering will contain small filter transients. Integer header cells #31 and 32 indicate where the actual recorded time series begins and ends.)
- 32 Last recorded sample.
- 33 Refer to another file flag. If this not "undefined" it indicates that users should refer to the file indicated in the second line of the comments for more information about the data in the current file. Plotting programs like BAP and TSPLIT should display that second comment line along with plots of this data.
- 34-39 Undefined
- 40-41 Reserved for user
- 42-46 Undefined
- 47 =undefined for data in standard format, =8 for data in higher precision format (see below for data formats)

- 48 Clock source (Kinometrics Altus)
- 0 RTC (internal clock)
 - 1 Keyboard
 - 2 Sync with external reference pulse
 - 3 GPS (= -1 if a correction for GPS rollover beginning Aug. 23, 1999, was made to original file time)

3.3 Real Headers (50 values, 10 lines in "(5E15.7)" format)

The values given in real header cells have the following meanings:

cell number	description
-----	-----
1	Value representing "undefined" or "null" in the real header. This is usually set to "+1.7e+38". The use of the "-0.3e-38" value found in some older files on the USGS VAXes is not recommended because that number is out of range and not acceptable to the floating-point representation used on PCs and most UNIX computers.
2	Sampling rate (samples per second) for evenly-sampled time series; "undefined" for unevenly-sampled time series.
3	Earthquake latitude (decimal degrees; "+" for Northern Hemisphere)
4	Earthquake longitude (decimal degrees; "-" for Western Hemisphere)
5	Earthquake depth (km relative to sea level)
6	Source magnitude M (moment magnitude)
7	" " MS (surface-wave magnitude)
8	" " ML (local magnitude)
9	" " M (other)
10	Seismic moment (dyne-cm; 1 newton-meter = 10**7 dyne-cm)
11	Station latitude (decimal degrees; "+" for Northern Hemisphere)
12	Station longitude (decimal degrees; "-" for Western Hemisphere); some files incorrectly have positive value here
13	Station elevation (m relative to sea level)
14	Station offset N (m)
15	Station offset E (m)
16	Station offset up (m)
17	Epicentral distance (km)
18	Epicenter to station azimuth (degrees east of north) 0.0 < real header cell #18 < 360.0
19	Digitization units (units/cm) for analog-recorded data; Digitizing constant (counts/volt) for digitally-recorded data.
20	Undefined for analog-recorded data; anti-alias filter corner frequency (Hz) for digitally-recorded data.
21	Undefined for analog-recorded data; anti-alias filter poles (6dB/octave per pole) for digitally-recorded data.
22	Natural frequency of the sensor (Hz)
23	Sensor damping coefficient (fraction of critical)
24	Recorder sensitivity (cm/g) for analog-recorded data; Coil constant (volts/cm/sec/sec) for digitally-recorded data.
25	Undefined for analog-recorded data; amplifier gain (dB) for digitally-recorded data.
26	Undefined for analog-recorded data; pre-amp gain (dB) for digitally-recorded data.
27	Undefined in version 2. (Had been a suggested corner frequency

for high-pass filter in version 1 SMC files.)

28 Undefined in version 2. (Had been a suggested corner frequency
for low-pass filter in version 1 SMC files.)

29 Time of the time-series maximum (largest positive) value (seconds)

30 Value of the maximum value (cm/sec/sec, cm/sec, or cm)

31 Time of the time-series minimum (largest negative) value (seconds)

32 Value of the minimum value (cm/sec/sec, cm/sec, or cm)

33-36 indicate transitions for low-cut and high-cut filters.

For uncorrected (volume 1) time series provided by CSMIP, these four
numbers indicate *suggested* transition bands to be used in the
correction process.

For corrected (volume 2) time series, these four numbers indicate
the *actual* low-cut and high-cut filter transitions that were
used in the correction process.

The contents of real header cells 33 and 34 indicate the beginning and
End of a transition band, in Hz, for a low-cut filter when the
contents of 34 is positive. When the contents of 34 is negative,
however, its negated value indicates the roll-off parameter that
was used in the BAP or AGRAM bi-directional Butterworth filter
and the contents of 33 is the corner frequency, in Hz, that was
used in the Butterworth filter. (Note that the roll-off
"parameter" indicated for the BAP & AGRAM Butterworth filter is
equal to half of what is often called the "order" of a
Butterworth filter.

The contents of 35 and 36 indicate the beginning and the end of a
transition band for a high-cut filter.

>> >> IMPORTANT NOTE: If the contents of 33-36 are "undefined" in a Vol. 2
or 3 file, the filtering scheme will be described in the comments

37 Undefined

38 Initial value of the filtered velocity (cm/s) after a lo-cut filter has
been applied to the integrated, baseline-corrected acceleration.

39 Initial value of the filtered displacement (cm) after a lo-cut filter has
been applied to the doubly-integrated, baseline-corrected
acceleration.

40 Vs30 in m/s

41-50 are undefined as yet.

3.4 Comments

Comment lines begin, by convention, with a "|" character in column one and may be up to 80 characters long. The comments often provide references to published documents that describe the earthquake, station, or some other aspect of the record. Comments are also used to explain any peculiarities in the record, any difficulties in digitizing, and so forth, especially when integer header cell #18 (the problem flag) is set to one. In volume 2 files, the comments may provide information about the processing the time series has received.

The Comments may include text that can be used as top-of-plot labels when the time series in the file are plotted via the BAP or TSPLIT programs. These labels are indicated in the comments by a leading "<pltlbl=>" or "<loclbl=>" and a trailing "<end>". (Note that the <pltlbl=>, <loclbl=> and <end> must all be in lower case.) Both types of top-of-plot label can be more than one line long. Some sample comment lines that include top-of-plot labels:

```
| This time series was digitized at the USGS on 12dec97 by Sam Spade.
|   <pltlbl=> blah blah blah
|               any number of lines here
|               ending with: <end>
|   <loclbl=> roof, north-west corner <end>
| More general comments here.
```

The <pltlbl=> top-of-plot label is usually just one line that indicates the address or name of the recording station, if sufficient station identification would not fit on line 6 (columns 11-40). The <loclbl=> label gives information about the location of the recording transducer. It is usually quite short, and in the case of tri-axial recordings it is usually absent because all three transducers are in the same location. The <loclbl=> information is provided separately from <pltlbl=> info so the info unique to each transducer is separate from the info several transducers share. (Makes construction the plot labels more convenient for the TSPLIT program.)

When integer header cell #33 is not "undefined", the second line of the comments (the first line is usually just "|") will indicate a text file that will provide information about the data in the current file. This feature was implemented for files from the California Strong-Motion Instrumentation Program (CSMIP) and will probably not be used in files from other sources. Integer header cell #16 indicates the number of comment lines in the file.

4.0 Time Series Files 8(1pe10.4e1) unless int_head(47)=8, in which case 5(e14.7)

Time-series values representing a single data trace from a strong-motion record follow the header lines in a time-series file. The Fortan format for each line is "(8(1pe10.4e1))" unless int_head(47)=8, in which case it is "(5(e14.7))". Eight (or five) values are given on each line, and there are as many lines as are required to provide the number of time-series values indicated in the value given in integer header cell #17. For unevenly-sampled

time series (real header cell #2 is "undefined"), the values are given as a series of time-acceleration pairs; for evenly-sampled time series the values are given as a series of evenly-sampled acceleration, velocity, or displacement values, with real header cell #2 indicating the sampling rate. The number of time-series "values" given in the file and indicated in integer header cell #17 is the number of samples if the time series is evenly sampled; twice the number of samples if the time-series is unevenly sampled (because two values, time and acceleration are given for each sample when the time series is unevenly sampled). Time is given in seconds, acceleration in cm/sec/sec, velocity in cm/sec, and displacement in cm.

5.0 Response Spectra Files

5.1 Description

=====

Lines 1-30: The first 30 lines of a response spectra file contain the header info that corresponds to the acceleration time series that was used as input to the response-spectra calculations. Header cells containing peak value, number of samples, and the like contain values appropriate for the acceleration time series.

Line 31: indicates the units used for response values. The Fortran format for this line is "3(i2,a15)".

The numbers and units are as follows:

1 cm	2 inches
1 cm/sec	2 inches/sec
1 cm/(sec squared)	2 inches/(sec squared)

Line 32: indicates the number of damping values, the number of period values, and a times-are-included-or-not flag. The Fortran format for this line is "(3i5)". The number of damping values is referred to as NDAMP below and is usually 5. The number of period values (= the number of samples in each spectrum) is referred to as NPER below and is usually 91. The whether or not (1 or 0) times of maximum response are included in the file flag is referred to as TFLAG below and is usually 0, indicating that times are not included. (The times of maximum response, lines 43-48, are not provided in BAP output files, but they are given in some of the files that will be published in DDS#7 sequel CD-ROMs.)

The usage "Lines" below refers to *sets* of lines

Lines 33: NDAMP/5 (rounded up) lines listing the NDAMP damping values in "(5e10.5)" format.

Lines 34: NPER/7 lines listing the NPER period values in "(7e11.4)" format.

Lines 35 through 48 are repeated for each NDAMP damping value:

Line 35: A header card containing "Relative Displacement Response Spectrum at X% Damping" (where X is replaced by one of the NDAMP damping

```

values).
Lines 36:  NPER/7 lines containing relative displacement response spectral
           values in "(7E11.4)" format.
Line 37:  A header card containing "Relative Velocity Response Spectrum
           at X% Damping"
Lines 38:  NPER/7 lines containing relative velocity response spectral
           spectral values in "(7E11.4)" format.
Line 39:  A header card containing "Pseudo-Velocity Response Spectrum
           at X% Damping"
Lines 40:  NPER/7 lines containing pseudo-velocity response spectral
           values in "(7E11.4)" format.
Line 41:  A header card containing "Absolute Acceleration Response Spectrum
           at X% Damping"
Lines 42:  NPER/7 lines containing absolute acceleration response spectral
           values in "(6E13.6)" format.
>>          >> Programmers please note the different format.

```

Lines 43 through 48 are given only when TFLAG=1:

```

-----
Line 43:  A header card containing "Times of Maximum Response Relative
           Displacement at X% damping"
Lines 44:  NPER/7 lines containing times of maximum response relative
           displacement in "(7E11.4)" format.
Line 45:  A header card containing "Times of Maximum Response Relative
           Velocity at X% Damping"
Lines 46:  NPER/7 lines containing times of maximum response relative
           velocity in "(7E11.4)" format.
Line 47:  A header card containing "Times of Maximum Response Absolute
           Acceleration at X% Damping"
Line 48:  NPER/7 lines containing times of maximum response absolute
           acceleration in "(7E11.4)" format.

```

5.2 Sample Response-Spectra File

Here follows a sample BAP (version 2) response-spectra output file from which all but the first set of response spectra (the set corresponding to the first damping value) have been removed:

```

5 RESPONSE SPECTRA
*
DVD0D
    1989  10  18      0004 Loma Prieta, CA
Moment Mag=      6.9 Ms=      7.1 Ml=      7.0
station = Del Valle Dam, toe      component=      65
epicentral dist =      66.0      pk      =      53.7
inst type=SMA-1      data source = CDWR/USGS
*
*
*
    -32768      1989      291      0      4      0      -32768      451
        1          3          6      -32768      90      65      101      3
    5914      -32768          3      -32768      -32768      -32768      -32768      -32768
    -32768      -32768      -32768      1      -32768      1265      -32768      -32768

```

-32768	1	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768
-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768	-32768

0.1700000E+39	0.2000000E+03	0.3703700E+02	-0.1218830E+03	0.1800000E+02			
0.6900000E+01	0.7100000E+01	0.7000000E+01	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39			
0.3761500E+02	-0.1217450E+03	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39			
0.1700000E+39	0.6600000E+02	0.1700000E+39	0.1000000E+05	0.5000000E+02			
0.5000000E+02	0.2564103E+02	0.6000000E+00	0.2000000E+01	0.1700000E+39			
0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.9790000E+01	0.5366566E+02			
0.9595000E+01	-0.4893999E+02	0.1000000E+00	-0.4000000E+01	0.1700000E+39			
0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39			
0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39			
0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39	0.1700000E+39			

test 1							
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

1 cm		1 cm/sec		1 cm/sec/sec			
5	91	0					
0.00000E+00	0.20000E-01	0.50000E-01	0.10000E+00	0.20000E+00			
0.4000E-01	0.4200E-01	0.4400E-01	0.4600E-01	0.4800E-01	0.5000E-01	0.5500E-01	
0.6000E-01	0.6500E-01	0.7000E-01	0.7500E-01	0.8000E-01	0.8500E-01	0.9000E-01	
0.9500E-01	0.1000E+00	0.1100E+00	0.1200E+00	0.1300E+00	0.1400E+00	0.1500E+00	
0.1600E+00	0.1700E+00	0.1800E+00	0.1900E+00	0.2000E+00	0.2200E+00	0.2400E+00	
0.2600E+00	0.2800E+00	0.3000E+00	0.3200E+00	0.3400E+00	0.3600E+00	0.3800E+00	
0.4000E+00	0.4200E+00	0.4400E+00	0.4600E+00	0.4800E+00	0.5000E+00	0.5500E+00	
0.6000E+00	0.6500E+00	0.7000E+00	0.7500E+00	0.8000E+00	0.8500E+00	0.9000E+00	
0.9500E+00	0.1000E+01	0.1100E+01	0.1200E+01	0.1300E+01	0.1400E+01	0.1500E+01	
0.1600E+01	0.1700E+01	0.1800E+01	0.1900E+01	0.2000E+01	0.2200E+01	0.2400E+01	
0.2600E+01	0.2800E+01	0.3000E+01	0.3200E+01	0.3400E+01	0.3600E+01	0.3800E+01	
0.4000E+01	0.4200E+01	0.4400E+01	0.4600E+01	0.4800E+01	0.5000E+01	0.5500E+01	
0.6000E+01	0.6500E+01	0.7000E+01	0.7500E+01	0.8000E+01	0.8500E+01	0.9000E+01	
0.9500E+01	0.1000E+02	0.1100E+02	0.1200E+02	0.1300E+02	0.1400E+02	0.1500E+02	

Relative Displacement Response Spectrum at 0.00 Damping

0.2377E-02	0.2543E-02	0.3038E-02	0.3575E-02	0.3382E-02	0.4777E-02	0.4314E-02	
0.5028E-02	0.9993E-02	0.9882E-02	0.1041E-01	0.1224E-01	0.2071E-01	0.3067E-01	
0.1830E-01	0.3226E-01	0.5011E-01	0.1243E+00	0.1357E+00	0.5743E-01	0.1673E+00	
0.1294E+00	0.1139E+00	0.1969E+00	0.2241E+00	0.3555E+00	0.2864E+00	0.5695E+00	
0.1161E+01	0.6391E+00	0.1225E+01	0.1018E+01	0.1362E+01	0.1175E+01	0.1243E+01	
0.1429E+01	0.2087E+01	0.2259E+01	0.3183E+01	0.2130E+01	0.3379E+01	0.1563E+01	
0.1672E+01	0.1189E+01	0.2061E+01	0.1423E+01	0.1658E+01	0.1634E+01	0.5186E+01	
0.1919E+01	0.2479E+01	0.2162E+01	0.4273E+01	0.5399E+01	0.6623E+01	0.3094E+01	
0.4603E+01	0.4276E+01	0.4322E+01	0.4010E+01	0.6128E+01	0.4934E+01	0.3541E+01	
0.4295E+01	0.7949E+01	0.1273E+02	0.7865E+01	0.5489E+01	0.6737E+01	0.9248E+01	
0.1068E+02	0.1119E+02	0.1234E+02	0.1322E+02	0.1390E+02	0.1515E+02	0.2090E+02	
0.2475E+02	0.2396E+02	0.1871E+02	0.1583E+02	0.1267E+02	0.9982E+01	0.9011E+01	
0.8630E+01	0.8520E+01	0.8452E+01	0.8081E+01	0.7356E+01	0.6472E+01	0.6243E+01	

Relative Velocity Response Spectrum at 0.00 Damping

0.1212E+00	0.1499E+00	0.1395E+00	0.1891E+00	0.1830E+00	0.5628E+00	0.1983E+00	
0.2080E+00	0.4809E+00	0.4814E+00	0.5238E+00	0.6912E+00	0.1158E+01	0.1610E+01	
0.7739E+00	0.1680E+01	0.2676E+01	0.6422E+01	0.6380E+01	0.2389E+01	0.6634E+01	
0.4553E+01	0.3653E+01	0.6406E+01	0.6822E+01	0.1103E+02	0.6910E+01	0.1434E+02	
0.2757E+02	0.1260E+02	0.2560E+02	0.1937E+02	0.2499E+02	0.1990E+02	0.2028E+02	
0.2198E+02	0.3094E+02	0.3165E+02	0.4298E+02	0.2788E+02	0.4234E+02	0.1787E+02	
0.1733E+02	0.1036E+02	0.1848E+02	0.1190E+02	0.1379E+02	0.1232E+02	0.3594E+02	
0.1215E+02	0.1558E+02	0.1220E+02	0.2265E+02	0.2522E+02	0.2873E+02	0.1261E+02	
0.1742E+02	0.1580E+02	0.1509E+02	0.1335E+02	0.1968E+02	0.1423E+02	0.9526E+01	
0.9296E+01	0.1855E+02	0.2689E+02	0.1576E+02	0.1024E+02	0.1215E+02	0.1587E+02	
0.1868E+02	0.1932E+02	0.1876E+02	0.1903E+02	0.1843E+02	0.1802E+02	0.2387E+02	

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0.2704E+02 0.2470E+02 0.2181E+02 0.1470E+02 0.1202E+02 0.1026E+02 0.9182E+01
0.8531E+01 0.8050E+01 0.7771E+01 0.7553E+01 0.7239E+01 0.7026E+01 0.6982E+01
Pseudo-Velocity Response Spectrum at 0.00 Damping
0.3734E+00 0.3805E+00 0.4338E+00 0.4883E+00 0.4428E+00 0.6003E+00 0.4928E+00
0.5266E+00 0.9659E+00 0.8870E+00 0.8721E+00 0.9615E+00 0.1531E+01 0.2141E+01
0.1210E+01 0.2027E+01 0.2862E+01 0.6506E+01 0.6561E+01 0.2578E+01 0.7008E+01
0.5081E+01 0.4209E+01 0.6874E+01 0.7411E+01 0.1117E+02 0.8181E+01 0.1491E+02
0.2806E+02 0.1434E+02 0.2566E+02 0.1999E+02 0.2517E+02 0.2052E+02 0.2054E+02
0.2245E+02 0.3123E+02 0.3226E+02 0.4347E+02 0.2788E+02 0.4246E+02 0.1786E+02
0.1751E+02 0.1150E+02 0.1850E+02 0.1192E+02 0.1302E+02 0.1208E+02 0.3621E+02
0.1269E+02 0.1558E+02 0.1235E+02 0.2237E+02 0.2609E+02 0.2973E+02 0.1296E+02
0.1808E+02 0.1580E+02 0.1509E+02 0.1326E+02 0.1925E+02 0.1409E+02 0.9270E+01
0.1038E+02 0.1784E+02 0.2666E+02 0.1544E+02 0.1014E+02 0.1176E+02 0.1529E+02
0.1677E+02 0.1674E+02 0.1762E+02 0.1806E+02 0.1820E+02 0.1903E+02 0.2387E+02
0.2591E+02 0.2316E+02 0.1680E+02 0.1326E+02 0.9948E+01 0.7378E+01 0.6291E+01
0.5708E+01 0.5353E+01 0.4828E+01 0.4231E+01 0.3555E+01 0.2905E+01 0.2615E+01
Absolute Acceleration Response Spectrum at 0.00 Damping
0.586592E+02 0.569191E+02 0.619419E+02 0.667019E+02 0.579564E+02 0.754375E+02
0.562953E+02 0.551417E+02 0.933705E+02 0.796204E+02 0.730636E+02 0.755151E+02
0.113180E+03 0.149468E+03 0.800518E+02 0.127345E+03 0.163497E+03 0.340677E+03
0.317104E+03 0.115684E+03 0.293558E+03 0.199548E+03 0.155571E+03 0.239955E+03
0.245069E+03 0.350862E+03 0.233638E+03 0.390300E+03 0.678083E+03 0.321824E+03
0.537479E+03 0.392569E+03 0.465161E+03 0.358056E+03 0.339700E+03 0.352583E+03
0.467172E+03 0.460627E+03 0.593806E+03 0.364929E+03 0.533611E+03 0.204018E+03
0.183377E+03 0.111121E+03 0.166061E+03 0.998630E+02 0.102268E+03 0.892970E+02
0.252773E+03 0.839396E+02 0.978758E+02 0.705356E+02 0.117139E+03 0.126110E+03
0.133409E+03 0.542793E+02 0.709874E+02 0.584107E+02 0.526669E+02 0.438574E+02
0.604844E+02 0.402444E+02 0.242684E+02 0.250856E+02 0.400264E+02 0.558439E+02
0.303220E+02 0.187444E+02 0.205212E+02 0.252825E+02 0.263497E+02 0.250426E+02
0.251648E+02 0.246734E+02 0.238196E+02 0.239180E+02 0.272721E+02 0.271371E+02
0.223843E+02 0.150756E+02 0.111084E+02 0.781279E+01 0.545407E+01 0.439177E+01
0.377497E+01 0.336362E+01 0.275777E+01 0.221554E+01 0.171830E+01 0.130361E+01

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6.0 Fourier Spectra Files

My program smc2fs2 can write the Fourier spectra to a file using smc format, where the response spectra format is used. My program asc2smc knows how to read this format and to construct an array of frequency from header information in the smc file.